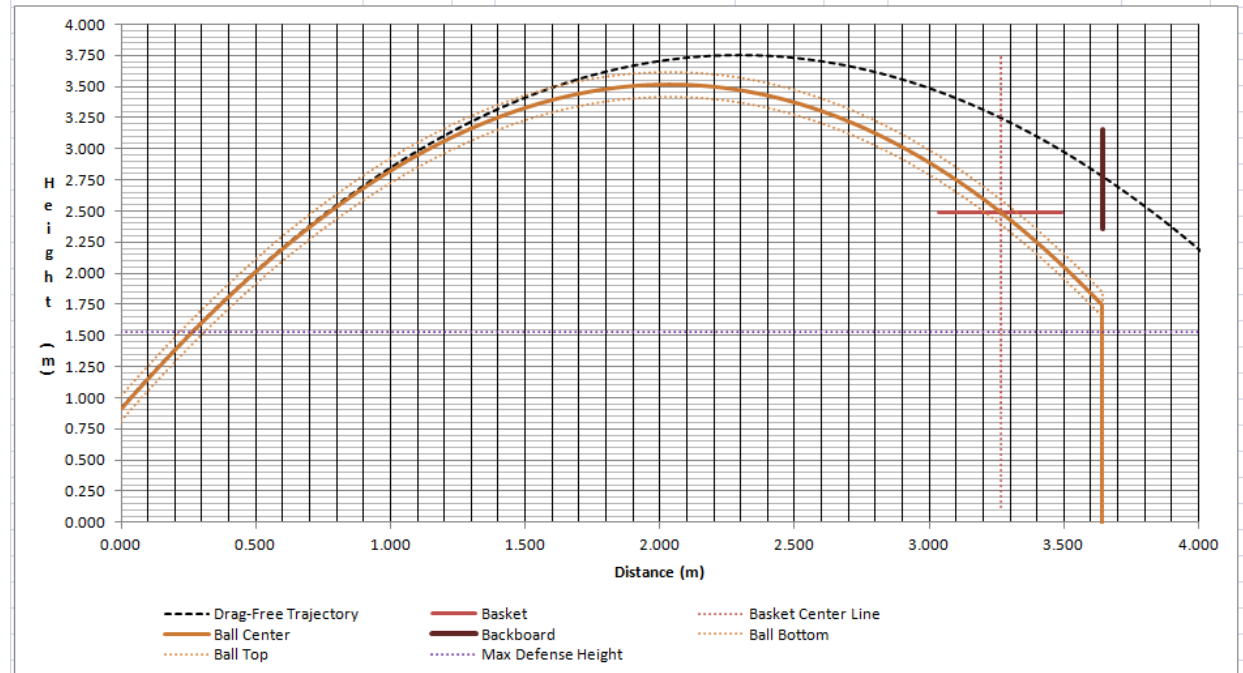


# Shot Trajectory and Scoring Simulator

## Accounts for Drag and Potential Rebounds

<b>Launch:</b>									
Launch Height (Inches)	36.0	in	Initial Velocity	8.056	m/s	Initial Velocity x	3.018	m	
Target Basket (Top=1,Middle=2,Bottom=3)	1	Top	Angle	68.0	deg	Initial Position x	-	m	
Shoot ("S" or Lay-Up "L")	S					Initial Velocity y	7.469	m	
If "L", Extension from Frame Perimeter	14.0	in	Air Density (F5 for Calc)	1.218	kg/m <sup>3</sup>	Initial Position y	0.914	m	
If "S", Launch Distance from Base of Key	-	in							
Distance to Basket Center	10.71	ft	To Avoid Block Shots	12.19	in	"Bulls-Eye Speed No Drag"	7.567	m/s	
Distance to Basket Center	3.264	m	Launch Distance from Base>	0.310	m	"Bulls-Eye Speed No Drag"	16.95	mph	
<b>Target:</b>									
<b>Shoots Through Net:</b>									
Bottom of Ball 1st Passing Front of Rim	2.789	m	Clear +	0.30	Hit	Basket Height	2.489	m	
Top of Ball 1st Passing Back of Rim	2.116	m	Clear -	(0.37)	1	Relative Height	1.575	m	
<b>Potential Rebounds:</b>									
Angle of Backboard Impact	0.0	deg				Top of Backboard	3.159	m	
Speed of Rebound	0.000	m/s				Bottom of Backboard	2.359	m	
Bottom of Ball 2nd Passing Back of Rim	(0.394)	m	Clear +	(2.88)	Net	Speed at Basket CenterLine	5.107	m/s	
Top of Ball 2nd Passing Front of Rim	(0.293)	m	Clear -	(2.78)	-	Height at Basket Center	0.000	m	
Glancing Shots Tolerance (% of Ball Radius)	50%	(50% - Forgiving - to 100% - Relaxed)				Time to Target (No Drag)	1.082	s	
Shot Outcome	Scores					Time to Target (Drag)	1.177	s	



### Input & Output Section--

#### Input Variables:

Target Basket (Top, Middle, or Low), Launch Height/Angle/Velocity, Air Density (w. link to online calculator), Variable Tolerance for Rim Clearances, Simulates Shooting or Lay-Up with Extension (robot geometry may require tweaking of Lay-Up function). You can also change (elsewhere) other variables from drag coefficients to ball bounciness.

#### Numerical Outputs:

Useful dimensional and trajectory calculated outputs, including Set-Back from Base of Key to avoid Block Shots at maximum encroachment.

#### Graphical Output:

Ball Trajectory with and without Drag Effects (Center, Top and Bottom Envelopes of the ball), Layout of Basket and Backboard

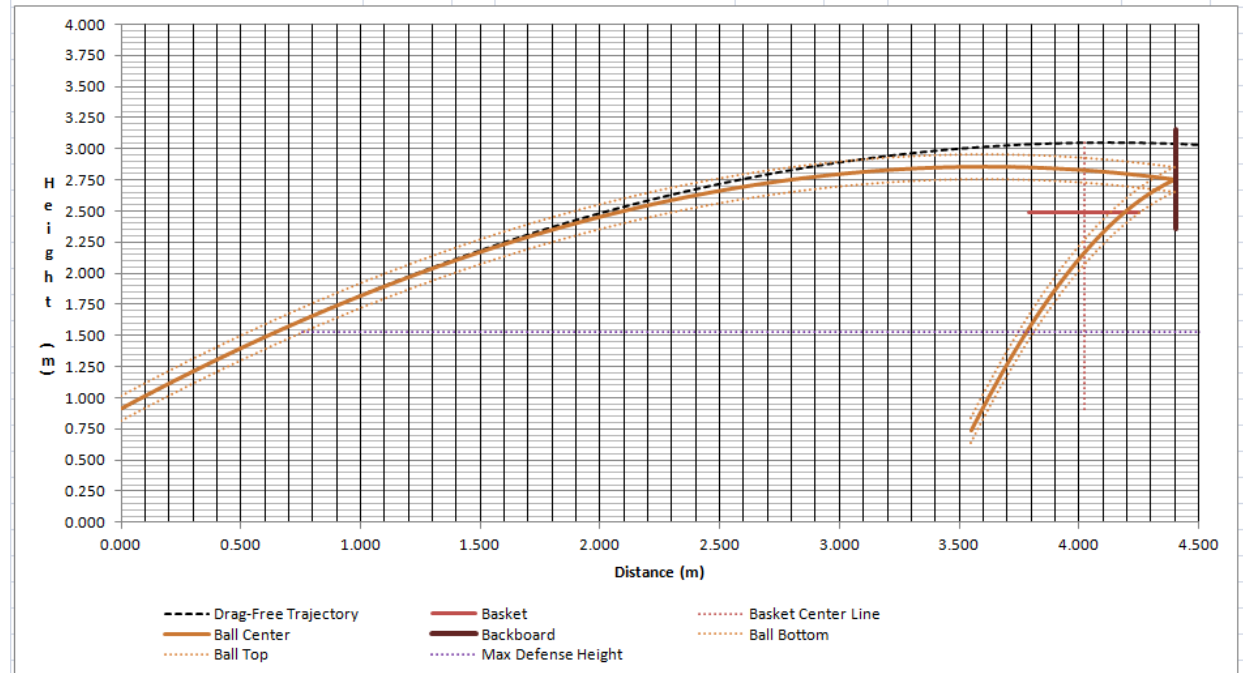
Solver Functions: Excel Solver can be used to solve for value of key variables resulting in a bulls-eye shot (sets yellow cell to zero).

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# Shot Trajectory and Scoring Simulator

## Accounts for Drag and Potential Rebounds

<b>Launch:</b>									
Launch Height (Inches)	36.0	in	Initial Velocity	9.000	m/s	Initial Velocity x	6.252	m	
Target Basket (Top=1,Middle=2,Bottom=3)	1	Top	Angle	46.0	deg	Initial Position x	-	m	
Shoot ("S" or Lay-Up "L")	S					Initial Velocity y	6.474	m	
If "L", Extension from Frame Perimeter	14.0	in	Air Density (F5 for Calc)	1.218	kg/m^3	Initial Position y	0.914	m	
If "S", Launch Distance from Base of Key	29.9	in							
Distance to Basket Center	13.20	ft	To Avoid Block Shots	29.94	in	"Bulls-Eye Speed No Drag"	7.968	m/s	
Distance to Basket Center	4.023	m	Launch Distance from Base>	0.760	m	"Bulls-Eye Speed No Drag"	17.85	mph	
<b>Target:</b>									
<b>Shoots Through Net:</b>									
Bottom of Ball 1st Passing Front of Rim	2.800	m	Clear +	0.31	Long	Basket Height	2.489	m	
Top of Ball 1st Passing Back of Rim	2.839	m	Clear -	0.35	-	Relative Height	1.575	m	
<b>Potential Rebounds:</b>									
Angle of Backboard Impact	-14.6	deg				Top of Backboard	3.159	m	
Speed of Rebound	2.145	m/s				Bottom of Backboard	2.359	m	
Bottom of Ball 2nd Passing Back of Rim	2.527	m	Clear +	0.04	Hit	Speed at Basket CenterLine	5.510	m/s	
Top of Ball 2nd Passing Front of Rim	1.612	m	Clear -	(0.88)	1	Height at Basket Center	0.339	m	
Glancing Shots Tolerance (% of Ball Radius)	50%	(50% - Forgiving - to 100% - Relaxed)				Time to Target (No Drag)	0.643	s	
Shot Outcome	Scores					Time to Target (Drag)	0.692	s	



### Accounting for Backboard Rebounds–

Ball trajectory programmed to respond to a first bounce off the backboard towards the rim, capturing an ability to score over a wider range of launch velocities (for some launch angles). User can tweak parameters such as ball bounciness (coefficient of restitution) and rim-bounce clearances to suit. Second order bounces and bounces off the rim attachment plate may also produce a few additional scoring trajectories!

(In the example above, the Launch point has been moved back almost 30 inches (from the Base of the Key) to ensure the shot is not blocked even if the defensive robot is at maximum encroachment – next to the Base of the Key.)

# Shot Trajectory and Scoring Simulator

## Accounts for Drag and Potential Rebounds

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### **Some useful resources and references:**

Simulating Projectile Motion in the Air with Spreadsheets, Jan Benacka , Spreadsheets in Education (eJSiE), 10-9-2009

Modeling Basketball Free Throws, Gablonsky and Lang, SIAM Review 2005

Physics for Game Programmers, Chapter 7

The Physics of Sports, The Physics of Basketball, p.86