# Scouting

In Theory



### Scouting | In Theory

Why do we scout? What is the objective?

- Statistical rating for robots exist. Some are better than others.
  - OPR, ELO, CCWM, DPR, cOPR, etc.
  - Some years' games are better than others for statistical methods.
- None are totally accurate.
  - OPR is <80%
- Scouting allows you to accurately rate the on-field performance of each team

### Scouting | In Theory

#### Why do we scout? What is the objective?

- Pick the strongest alliance (if you're expecting to be a captain)
- Supplement your alliance captain's data (if you're expecting to be a 1<sup>st</sup> round pick)
- Make the smartest game plan for each match. (Matches are ~\$500/ea. Don't waste them.)
  - Estimated score?
  - Try to win, try to win with bonus RP, or anticipate a loss and only target the bonus RP?
  - Where to send a defender?

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#### Word of Warning

- Scouting data is never 100% correct either
- Wrong data is worse than no data
- Lots of ways to improve data quality
- Don't collect more data than you can use



## Scouting

In Practice



#### **Understand your resources**

- How much technical work can you do before competition?
- How many people will be scouting?
- How well trained are your scouts?
- How motivated are your scouts?



#### Maximize your resources – scouting system

	Paper	Spreadsheet	Database
Technical Difficulty	Easy	Over easy	Hard
Benefits	<ul><li>Easiest setup</li><li>No internet required</li></ul>	<ul><li>Quick</li><li>Flexible</li></ul>	Most flexible (cOPR & Deep Learning)
Drawbacks	<ul><li>Time consuming</li><li>Hard to organize</li><li>Calculations are manual</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Limited to gSheet's / Excel functions</li> <li>Might require internet</li> </ul>	<ul><li>High initial investment</li><li>Requires internet</li></ul>

#### Maximize your resources – people

- 6 is the magic number
  - 6 scouts means one person watching each robot each match
  - Each scout records actual scoring capability of each robot
- Scouts are people too
  - Scouting for 8 hours is exhausting.
  - Give generous breaks to your scouts
  - Having some scouts on and some off means you need *more* than 6 people



#### Maximize your resources - <6 people

- You won't be able to accurately track all 6 robots. Don't try.
- Prioritizing robots to scout?
  - Ignore the top-tier. Everyone knows that 254 outscores 2102.
  - Focus on the wildcards and middle-of-the-pack
- Alternatively: focus on subjective info.
  - OPR is a pretty good metric. Use it.
  - DPR is a *terrible* metric. Make your scout(s) look for defenders and helpers.
- Alternatively: partner with another team.

#### Maximize your resources – 6+ people

- 1 Person per robot
- Limit your data collection to only what actually matters.
  - Do you care about level 2 vs. 3 scoring, or just high vs low?
  - Do you care about left vs. right rocket scoring?
  - Do you care about rocket level 1 vs. cargo ship?
- Rotate your scouts. Do it on a schedule.
  - Happy scouts give better data.

Maximize your resources – 12+ people

- 2+ people per robot
- Averaging multiple scouts gives more accurate data overall
- With 3+ scouts per robot, you can assign accuracy ratings to the scouts themselves.
  - **chiefdelphi** <u>Citrus Circuits 2019 Scouting System Whitepaper</u>



#### Maximize your resources – Training

- Untrained scouts give bad data.
  - Bad data is *worse* than no data
- Train your scouts about what to look for.
- Scout an event using the livestream.



#### Maximize your resources – Motivation

- Forcing scouts to sit down, record information, and then leave, results in bad data.
  - Bad data is *worse* than no data
- Make sure your scouts really understand the importance of scouting
- Thank your scouts for their work
- Rewards for scouting!
  - Comfy seats?
  - Team gets pizza, scouts get burritos?

### Recommended Reading (or viewing)

Karthik (1114): Effective FIRST Strategies 2019

1241: FRC Strategic Design (2019)

<u>1678: Scouting System Development (2018)</u>
<u>1678: Strategic Design (2018)</u>
<u>1678: Field Strategy (2019)</u>
1678: Picklist Formation and Alliance Selection (2019)

1986: Key Questions for Kickoff (2018)

2056: Keys to Success (2019) 2056: Strategy (2019)

## **Thanks!**

Questions?



### Appendix | OPR

- Rating metric used to calculate a team's average points scored or facilitated per match.
- Usually capable of estimating ~75% of matches correctly.
- Invented in 2004 by Karthik (1114)
- Similar to adjusted plus/minus in basketball

### Appendix | DPR

- Same metric as OPR, but using the opponent's score instead of yours
- Used to measure how much you reduce your opponents score
- Totally useless as a metric
- Don't use DPR

### Appendix | ELO

- Used in esports to rank players
- FRC ELO is "Winning margin ELO"
- Based on how much you're expected to win or lose by.